Table showing the rates of octroi duty leviable on the following articles:—

No.	Name of article	Per	Rate Rs. a. p.
1	Betel leaves	100	0 0 1
2	Kerosene oil and petrol	Tin	0 1 0
3	Piece-goods	Rs. 100	2 0 0
4	Tobacco	Maund	1 0 0
5	Sheep and goats	Head	0 1 0
6	Slaughtering sheep and goats	Do	0 1 0
7	Jaggory	Maund	0 1 0

(SECTION 48 P.)

Erection of Buildings and Pendals.

1. Every person intending to erect or re-erect within the meaning of Sections 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, No. VII of 1906 any building in the Municipal Limits of Chiknayakanhalli shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President or Vice-President, such notice shall be accompanied with a site plan of the land on which the structure is proposed to be built drawn to a scale of not less than 10 feet to an inch, showing.

(*a*) The position of the building and appurtenant, out-buildings to be erected on the land.

(*b*) The area to be occupied by the building and out-buildings on the land.

(*c*) The names "if any" or description of the adjacent roads, streets, bridges, culverts, buildings and;

(*d*) The number of the lot and the name or number of the block and street or road in which the lands is situated.

2. The applicant should also produce a plan in duplicate, drawn to a scale not less than 10 feet to an inch showing in sections and elevations the plan of the ground floor and of each other floor if any the depth and thickness of the foundation, the hight and thickness of the plinth and walls above the plinth, the thickness of the floor or floors and the dimensions and structure of the roof.

The aforesaid plan shall further show the position of the line or frontage of the proposed building with reference to the adjacent side drain of the street or road which the building faces or if there be no such side drain with reference to the central line of the street or road. The licenses and the plan shall always be available on the spot for inspection by the municipal anthorities.

3. No foundation of a new building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or the carcasses of dead animals, or other filthy or offensive matter until such matter, shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President shall in their opinion have become innocuous.

4. No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

5. No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, pricklypear or other objectionable plants or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

6. No new building shall be erected by any person the foundation of the wall of which along the road is less than 5 feet from the side-drain.

7. The level of the plinth or basement of any building shall not be less than a foot and a half above the ground level.

8. The footings of the walls and the posts of the ground from floor of building proposed to be erected should rest on the solid ground or upon a sufficient thickness of concrete or upon some solid and sufficient sub-structure as a foundation.

Provided that where solid rock is met with at or near the surface of the site of such building, *i.e.*, within three feet of the level of the base of the wall. The footings may be omitted if the surface of the rock be properly cleaned and stepped or jagged to receive the first course of masonary. The minimum height of every room intendend to be inhabited in a building except a room in the roof shall not be less than 8 feet from the floor to the ceiling and the rooms shall be well ventilated.

9. The eaves of buildidgs, sunshades to windows, water spouts to drain roof water, shall not project beyond the side street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground.

10. The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the outer edge of the side drain of the road and should be easily removable for cleaning the drains.

Construction of Privies or Latrines.

11. Every place other than a water closet or bath room, situated within any house building or enclosure, and habitually used for the purpose of calls of nature or for keeping human excreta shall be considered to be privy or latrine within the meaning of this Bye-law.

12. Every person who shall erect a new building shall in connection with such buildings as chatrams, agraharms and tenements, etc., construct such number of privies and in such a manner as shall be prescribed in each case by the President or Vice-President.

13. A person who shall construct a new privy whether in connection with a building or not, shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved by the President or Vice-President.

14. Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punishable with a fine on conviction before a Magistrate, as provided in the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, Section 96 (5).

Regarding the Erection of Pendals or other Temporary Structures on Public Roads.

1. No pendals or other temporary structures for marriage or other purposes shall be erected in any street, lane or public thoroughfare, without written permission from the President, on receipt of application for permission to put up such structure specifying the situation, size and other particulars, licenses will be issued by the President if he sees no objection thereto, on such conditions as he may think necessary to provide for the public convenience and safety on payment of the pollowing fees.—

For pendal 6 feet broad by 12 feet long, or not exceeding 72 square feet ... None.

For a pendal 6 feet broad by 12 feet long exceeding 72 square feet and not exceeding 150 square feet ... 4 annas.

For every additional 150 square feet or portion there of ... 8 annas.

Provided that no pendal, shall occupy more than one-third of the breadth of the road in which the pendal is put up.

(*a*) No pendal shall ordinarily be allowed to stand for more than fifteen days. An extension of time may be granted on payment of one-half the original fee, but not so as to exceed a month from the commencement.

(*b*) If on the expiration of time allowed in the license, or period granted in extension thereto on special application, the person that put up the structure does not remove it, the President will issue a notice to the defaulter for its removal within such time as may be fixed by him in any case, at the end of which time, he may have it removed and the cost of such removed shall be recoverable from the defaulter as a Municipal Demand.

(*c*) Any breach of this bye-law will, on conviction, subject the offender to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the first offence and Rs. 10 for each subsequent offence.

(*d*) This bye-law does not apply to pendals for Dassara, Moharram, or other public purposes.

G. GUNDU RAO,
President.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Dated 2nd September 1927.

In accordance with Rule 20 of the Rules issued in Notification No. L. 2626—L. B. 26-26-54, dated the 19th October 1926, the following Village Panchayets in the Turuvekere Sub-Taluk, are constituted for a period of three years.

Serial No.	Names of Village Panchayets	Names of Members		Names of Chairmen
		Elected	Nominated	
1	Goralumattia	Messrs.— 1 Eregowda ... 2 Basavegowda ... 3 Giregowda ... 4 Karagegowda ... 5 Doddegowda ... 6 Kapanigowda ...	Messrs.— 7 Patel Nanjundegowda. 8 Patel Chiklakkegowda.	Messrs.— Patel Nanjundegowda.
2	Bechanahalli	1 Hutchegowda ... 2 Kariyanna ... 3 Horabatti Nanjegowda. 4 Singegowda	5 Patel Hombegowda 6 Hanumantegowda 7 Boregowda.	Singegowda.

K. V. ANANTHARAMAN, *Deputy Commissioner.*